



TOURIST GUIDE



SADA





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SADA

THE SWEET COAST

Situated in the middle of West Galicia, only 17 km from A Coruña, Sada provides an entire terrace to the sea, an excellent viewpoint with a splendid panorama of a typical Galician estuary.

An expanse of sand with pool bottoms and shellfish-farmers fishing, able to satisfy the demands of any water sports enthusiast.

With one of the largest marinas in the Northwest peninsula, Sada is a land of contrasts, for here coexist the typical Celts and manor houses with the typical fishermen houses, all combined with symbols of the modernist styles of the 1920's.

Together with its typical Sargadelos pottery, Sada goes from culture to art without missing out on the pleasures that can be found in good food, as Sada has a full set of gastronomical delights waiting to be caught in its calm waters.

SEAFRONT PROMENADE

Sada's waterfront promenade, which links the whole coast of the village, has become one of the most beautiful outdoor leisure focal points in this area.

If you travel from one end to the other, from the beach of The Delights (As Delicias) to the port of Fontan (1 mile), you can enjoy beautiful gardens and squares, sports facilities and many playgrounds and parks for children where the whole family can have fun.

You will find a wonderful bike path and spacious greens, such as the 'O Currunchó' picnic area, where every 18th August, the traditional "Sardiñada", which has been declared a 'fiesta' of touristic interest, takes place.

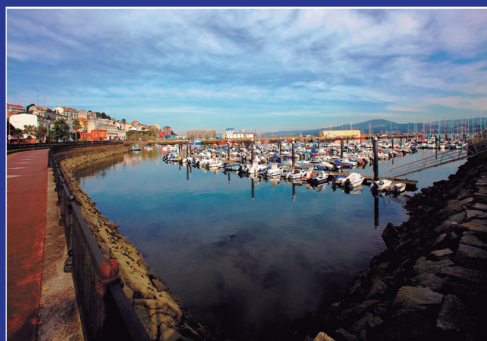


MARINA

With its privileged location at the edge of the Atlantic, its tranquil waters and more than 1300 moorings and a step away from the town centre, Sada's Leisure Port is the ideal place for water sports lovers.

Here, you can do all kinds of water sports such as: sailing, windsurfing, diving, rowing, water skiing ...

During the year it hosts numerous sports competitions, especially sailing, and there is the opportunity to do all types of initiation and improvement courses in the Town's nautical clubs.



MODERNISM

Art Nouveau is present in the whole borough, inspiring a chromatic variety and decorative richness in its facades that take advantage of the use of glass, iron, and wood.

Even in the simplest of houses, one can glimpse traits of the most pioneering aesthetics in combination with more traditional styles, as can be seen from the maritime houses of Fontan or Carnoedo to the Mondego Cemetery where touches of this style reached.

Among the primary examples, the 'La Terraza' building is the clearest, making it an illustration of this architectural style in Galicia.



La Terraza, a National Historic and Artistic Monument, was built by the architect Antonio López Hernández in 1912 and was moved in the twenties from the gardens of Méndez Núñez, in A Coruña to serve as a tram stop that united Sada with the Herculina capital.

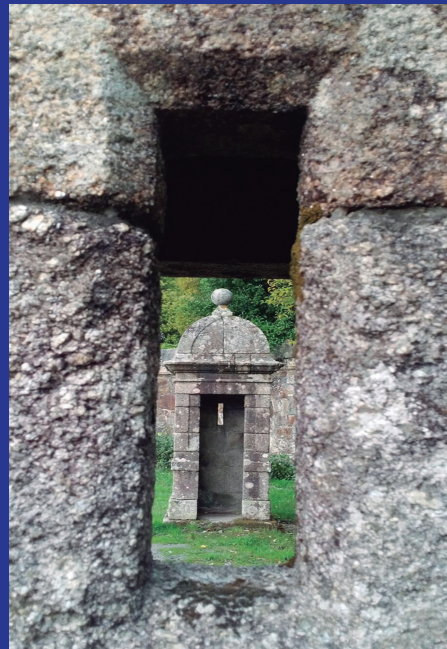
This fragile structure built from iron, wood and polychrome glass, evokes with its sinuous forms and naturalistic scenes typical of modernism, a happy environment suitable for leisure and recreation purposes. At the moment, it is a restaurant and cafeteria where all kinds of cultural events are celebrated, in particular, their famous Jazz concerts.

ARQUITECTURAL HERITAGE

Of all the houses of Recreo, which are old summer houses of the middle class of the region, those that stand out are of 'Barrie de Maza' and the 'Amexeiral'.

Both situated in Mondego, they are an obvious example of the French style of XIX century. We can also find up to eight more country houses in the rest of the parishes. Buildings such as the country houses of Samoedo, Castro de Enriba and Trasín are the most remarkable and were built between XVII and XVIII centuries.

Pazo de Meirás is the most emblematic country house. Built initially in the XV century, it was rebuilt by Emilia Pardo Bazán in the nineteenth century and is currently the only manor house that you can visit, of all the manor buildings that exist in the town



FISHERMEN'S DISTRICTS

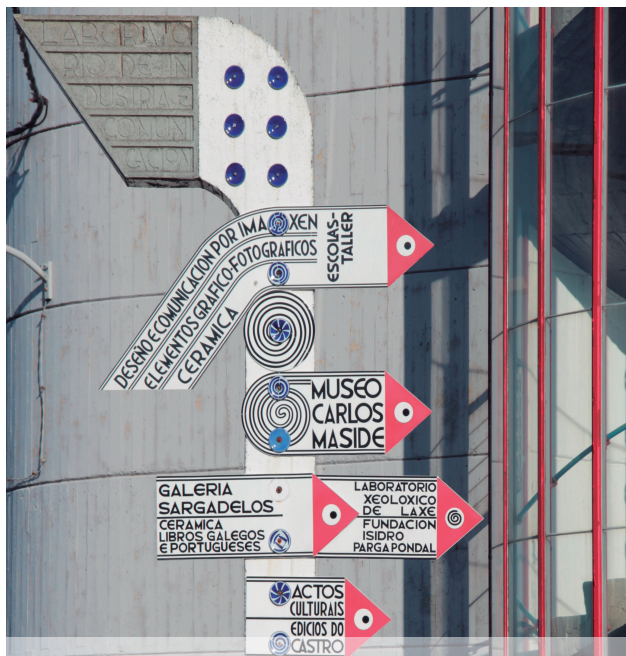
The old fishermen's regions of La Tenencia and Fontán, shelter a set of traditional mariners houses, usually consisting of three floors with high balconies and windows framed with wood in vibrant colours overlooking the sea.

These houses also preserve the modernist style that is so rooted in the town and walking through its narrow alleys; you can feel the authentic essence of the borough and its timeless link with the sea and its history.

The La Tenencia neighbourhood can be found right in the centre of the town and Fontán in the port area. Both are within walking distance of all kinds of commerce, services, and hospitality.



SARGADELOS



Since 1949, Sada has been home to one of Galicia's most important ceramics factories.

It integrates the museum of contemporary art and is an artistic complex dedicated to Galician plastic arts and whose main function is to aid the economic recovery and cultural development of the community.

In addition, it is possible to visit and observe the complete production process involved in making the ceramics.





Throughout the year, exhibitions of painting, photography, talks and other events are held in the Chapel of San Roque, a small rural church of the XIX century reconverted into an exhibition hall.

CULTURAL CENTRES

For lovers of theatre, classical music, or simply those who prefer the company of a good book, the arts culture centre Pintor Lloréns is the ideal place to enjoy different cultural activities all year round.







NATURE

‘Las Delicias’ and ‘Playa Nueva’ beaches are 400m in length and occupy the entire front of the town, with all kinds of trade, hospitality and services a stone’s throw away. The aforementioned is the perfect place to practice water sports such as windsurfing or power boating. Close to Fontán’s fishing port, we find Morazón beach.

This beach consists of 100 m of sandy beach and is never very crowded despite its great beauty and central location. If we follow the coastline, between the steep coast and dense vegetation, there are a multitude of sheltered coves where visitors can enjoy crystal clear waters and spectacular scenery. The beaches of Arnela and Lourido, in particular, stand out, as fantastic places for where you can choose between resting or doing diving or other nautical activities.

Other beaches, such as Armenteiro, Pedralba, Fontiñas or Los Lobos, all with a small draft, surprise walkers with their lush vegetation, fine sand and beautiful landscapes.

The coastal boundary of the borough sees two high-quality semi-urban beaches equipped with a multitude of services: San Pedro and Cirro. Both have campsites located in their immediate vicinity and offer sharp panoramic vistas of the estuary sprinkled with rafts that are dedicated to mussel farming. In the centre is an area with one of the greatest ecological values of the region, a wetland called Las Brañas. Formed by lagoons that generated on the old clay farms that were dedicated to the fabrication of tiles and bricks, these 23 hectares provide a green lung for the area.

Walking fans will be pleasantly surprised by 3 hiking trails that have been signal marked and adapted for the best hiking experience;

These are the “Sada Costa Doce PRG-96”, the “Ruta Playa de la Delicias-Agra das Arcas” and the “Ruta Soñeiro Costa de Carnoedo”. The Castle of Fontán, found at the beginning of route “Sada Coste Doce PRG-96”, is where the Pilgrims who were walking the famous “Camino de Santiago” towards Betanzos, entered.

The military site also stands out due to its historical context, as the location that housed those that protected the north side of the bay. It was built, along with the site in Corbeiroa at the start of the XVIII century. These defences were constructed to protect the textile industry, established at the end of the XVII century, la Real Fabrica de Jarcias y Lonas (The Royal Factory of Rigging and Tarpauling) supplied Spanish Navy ships until the factory moved to Ferrol.

Here we can see forests with chestnut trees, oaks and a variety of mixed forests, with a lovely view of the estuary and a multitude of small coves and beaches, can be seen during our nature hikes.



Sada gets its name from the Phoenician word “saida” meaning abundant fishing.

Here, in addition to the typical sardines, cuttlefish, squids and baby squids, amongst others, there is a huge variety of shellfish such as clams, mussels, cockles and razor shellfish.

People frequently go to the harbour and taste the freshly caught fish in the small restaurants situated in the port area.

GASTRONOMY

You can also savour the taste of the excellent products of the more traditional restaurants on the bar terraces and in the shops of the town centre and beach area.

During the year, visitors can take part in routes and competitions to sample the main gastronomical products, the most famous being the “Outono de Tapas” or “Festa da Xiba”, celebrated at the end of May.



FESTIVALS

Sada celebrates throughout the year a multitude of events, from gastronomic to cultural, but especially highlights the "Sardiñada", declared a festival of tourist interest, which every August 18, brings together a multitude of visitors and neighbors.

On the night of June 23, San Juan is being held. This is a traditional event where families and friends tighten ties and celebrate the summer solstice with the typical burning of the "Meiga" in the heat of the bonfires. Then, in mid-July, the icing in the cake to the patroness of the sailors, the Virgin of Carmen.

At the end of July the Modernist Fair is celebrated, where visitors and neighbors adorn themselves in the truest 1920's style to commemorate the golden age of Sada, while enjoying a multitude of concerts and activities set in that time.

Already at the end of October, the "Cervefeira" offers all kinds of craft beers for the enjoyment of fans of barley juice.





Useful phone numbers: (+34)

Town House:

981620075

Tourist Office:

638421054

Cultural Arts Centre:

981619115

OMIX:

981620331

Emergency Care:

061

Health Centre:

981621900 - 981621792

Local Police:

981622484

National Police:

091

Civil Guard:

981620766

Emergencies:

112

Local Emergencies Service:

981648341 - 607438457

Taxis Sada:

981620710 - 981624477

A Coruña Bus Station:

981184335

A Coruña Train Station:

902320320

Alvedro Airport:

981187200

Distances from Sada:

Betanzos: 11 km.

A Coruña: 18 km.

Ferrol: 38 km.

Santiago: 67 km.

Lugo: 88 km.

Pontevedra: 128 km.

Vigo: 155 km.

Ourense: 172 km.

Oviedo: 277 km.

León: 305 km.

Bilbao: 535 km.

Madrid: 600 km.

Sevilla: 871 km.

Valencia: 939 km.

Barcelona: 1127 km.

How to get here:

By Car: AC 163 (Lorbé-)Mera / AC 183 - DP5813 (A Coruña)

AP-9 Exit 2F-B or 12 / AC-162 Bergondo-Betanzos / NVI km. 581

By Train: (Towards A Coruña/ Betanzos): RENFE

By Plane: (Air Europa, Iberia, TAP, Vueling)

Alvedro Airport (Culleredo)

Bus Line 4051 towards A Coruña every 30 min.

Bus stops on Plaza de Ourense, Alfonso Molina and Portazgo

Buses (Companies): Autos Cal Pita-ASICASA - Eliseo Pita.

Betanzos (171): Every hour

A Coruña (169 - 170): Every 30 min./Every hour (Different routes)



TURISMO DE SADA

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